

# General Notice of COBRA Continuation Coverage Rights

## **\*\* Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA\*\***

Dear Qualified Beneficiary:

### **CONTINUATION COVERAGE RIGHTS UNDER COBRA**

#### **Introduction**

You and your covered dependents, if any, are receiving this notice because you have recently become covered under TIPS Region VIII Cooperative (the Plan). This notice contains important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. This notice generally explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect the right to receive it.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and to other members of your family who are covered under the Plan when you would otherwise lose your group health coverage.

This notice generally explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect the right to receive it. This notice gives only a summary of your COBRA continuation coverage rights. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should either review the Plan's Summary Plan Description or get a copy of the Plan Document from the Plan Administrator.

The Plan Administrator is:  
TIPS Region VIII Cooperative  
2121 N. Glenville  
Richardson, TX 75082

#### **What is COBRA Continuation Coverage?**

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event known as a "qualifying event." Specific qualifying events are listed later in the notice. COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." A qualified beneficiary is someone who will lose coverage under the Plan because of a qualifying event. Depending on the type of qualifying event, employees, spouses of employees, and dependent children of employees may be qualified beneficiaries. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you are an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you will lose your coverage under the Plan because either one of the following qualifying events happen:

1. Your hours of employment are reduced, or
2. Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you are the spouse of an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you will lose your coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events happens:

1. Your spouse dies;
2. Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
3. Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
4. Your spouse becomes enrolled in Medicare (Part A, Part B, or both); or
5. You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they will lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events happens:

1. The parent-employee dies
2. The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
3. The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
4. The parent-employee becomes enrolled in Medicare (Part A, Part B, or both);
5. The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
6. The child stops being eligible for coverage under the plan as a "dependent child."

### **When is COBRA Coverage Available?**

The plan will offer COBRA continuation to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment, death of the employee, or enrollment of the employee in Medicare (Part A, Part B, or both), the employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the qualifying event. In addition, if the Plan provides retiree health coverage, then commencement of a proceeding in a bankruptcy with respect to the employer is also a qualifying event where the employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the qualifying event.

### **You Must Give Notice of Some Qualifying Events**

For the other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator. The Plan requires you to notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must send this notice to:

The Plan Administrator is:  
TIPS Region VIII Cooperative  
2121 N. Glenville  
Richardson, TX 75082

## **How is COBRA Coverage Provided?**

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. For each qualified beneficiary who elects COBRA continuation coverage, COBRA continuation coverage will begin either (1) on the date of the qualifying event or (2) on the date that Plan coverage would otherwise have been lost, depending on the nature of the Plan.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage. When the qualifying event is the death of the employee, your divorce or legal separation, or a dependent child losing eligibility as a dependent child, COBRA continuation coverage lasts for up to 36 months.

When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of the employee's hours of employment, and the employee became entitled to Medicare benefits less than 18 months before the qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage for qualified beneficiaries other than the employee lasts until 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement. For example, if a covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare 8 months before the date on which his employment terminates, COBRA continuation coverage for his spouse and children can last up to 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement, which is equal to 28 months after the date of the qualifying event (36 months minus 8 months). Otherwise, when the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of the employee's hours of employment, COBRA continuation coverage generally lasts for only up to a total of 18 months. There are two ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended.

### **Disability extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage**

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to receive up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a total maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of continuation coverage. This notice should be sent to:

The Plan Administrator is:  
TIPS Region VIII Cooperative  
2121 N. Glenville  
Richardson, TX 75082

### **Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage**

If your family experiences another qualifying event while receiving COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, up to a maximum of 36 months. This extension is available to the spouse and dependent children if the former employee dies, or gets divorced or legally separated. The extension is also available to a dependent child when that child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child. In all of these cases, you must make sure that the Plan Administrator is notified of the second qualifying event within 60 days of the second qualifying event. This notice must be sent to:

The Plan Administrator is:  
TIPS Region VIII Cooperative  
2121 N. Glenville  
Richardson, TX 75082

### **Trade Act of 2002**

If you qualify for Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) as defined by the Trade Act of 2002, then you will be provided with an additional 60-day enrollment period, with continuation coverage beginning on the date of such TAA approval.

### **If You Have Questions**

If you have questions about your COBRA continuation coverage, you should contact National Benefit Services, LLC at 800-274-0503, or you may contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA). Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website at [www.dol.gov/ebsa](http://www.dol.gov/ebsa).

### **Keep Your Plan Informed of Address Changes**

In order to protect your family's rights, you should keep the Plan Administrator informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

### **Plan Contact Information**

The Plan Administrator is:  
TIPS Region VIII Cooperative  
2121 N. Glenville  
Richardson, TX 75082

Sincerely,

TIPS Region VIII Cooperative  
2121 N. Glenville  
Richardson, TX 75082

Dear Qualified Beneficiary and qualified dependents, if any:

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) includes some provisions that may affect decisions you make about your participation in the Group Health Plan under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). These provisions are as follows:

1. Under COBRA, if the qualifying event is a termination or reduction in hours of employment, affected qualified beneficiaries are entitled to continue coverage for up to 18 months after the qualifying event, subject to various requirements. Before HIPAA, this 18-month period could be extended for up to 11 months (for a total COBRA coverage period of up to 29 months from the initial qualifying event) if an individual was determined by the Social Security Administration, under the Social Security Act, to have been disabled at the time of the qualifying event and if the plan administrator was notified of that disability determination within 60 days of the determination and before the end of the original 18-month period. Under HIPAA, if a qualified beneficiary is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled under the Social Security Act at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA coverage, the 11-month extension is available to all individuals who are qualified beneficiaries due to the termination or reduction in hours of employment. The disabled individual can be a covered employee or any other qualified beneficiary. However, to be eligible for the 11-month extension, affected individuals must still comply with the notification requirements in a timely fashion.
2. A child that is born to or placed for adoption with the covered employee during a period of COBRA coverage will be eligible to become a qualified beneficiary. In accordance with the terms of the employer's group health plan(s) and the requirements of Federal law, these qualified beneficiaries can be added to COBRA coverage upon proper notification to the Plan Administrator of the birth or adoption.
3. HIPAA restricts the extent to which group health plans may impose pre-existing condition limitations.
4. If you were covered by a group health plan(s) prior to your employment with us, your previous employer their insurance carrier should have provided you with a Certificate of Creditable Coverage, a form required by the HIPAA law that describes the health coverage you and your dependents, if any, have or had, and the dates you were covered. **IF YOU HAVE NOT RECEIVED A CERTIFICATE OF CREDITABLE COVERAGE AND ARE ENTITLED TO ONE, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR FORMER EMPLOYER.** Once you deliver the Certificate of Creditable Coverage to us, you are exempt from any pre-existing condition exclusions in our group health plan(s), provided you had twelve months of creditable coverage (eighteen months if a late enrollment) and have not had more than a sixty-three day gap in coverage.

Under COBRA, your right to continuation coverage terminates if you become covered by another employer's group health plan that does not limit or exclude coverage for your pre-existing conditions. If you become covered by another group health plan and that plan contains a pre-existing condition limitation that affects you, your COBRA continuation coverage cannot be immediately terminated. However, if the other plan's pre-existing condition rule does not apply to you by reason of HIPAA's restrictions on pre-existing condition clauses, the employer's group health plan(s) may terminate your COBRA coverage.

Sincerely,

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